



SPRING 2000

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Coalition Against Gun Violence is a non-profit coalition united against gun violence and committed to creating a safer community for Santa Barbara County residents.

COALITION AGAINST GUN VIOLENCE
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A project of the Nuclear Age Peace Foundation

NRA GOES GLOBAL

Jesse Helms, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee and a longtime ally of the NRA, has blocked funding of \$200,000 towards a moratorium on the export, import and manufacture of small firearms to 16 Western African States. The U.S. was among the governments that agreed to contribute funds and expertise to implement a ban and \$1 million more for measures to support conflict resolution. Helms said the project would be “using U.S. taxpayers’ money to promote policies in foreign countries that may very well be a violation of the 2nd Amendment of the U.S. Constitution--if the federal government attempted such activities here at home.” He said the proposed aid was a brazen international expansion of the President’s and Vice President’s domestic gun-control agenda.

The blocking of this aid reflects the gun lobby’s global agenda. The NRA and its allies (The Safari Club International is one) are campaigning against what they describe as a worldwide conspiracy of gun snatchers. The ploy of frightening Americans, who then buy guns, give money to the NRA and raise its membership, has a broader goal: thwarting international attempts to contain the spread and misuse of small arms.

At a preparatory meeting for a U.N. conference (next year) on illicit arms trafficking, officials from war-devastated African states were flabbergasted at the audacity of NRA lobbyist Tom Mason advocating more guns, not fewer, to countries desperately seeking peace.

The NRA has long engaged in international activism, contributing money to pro-gun political candidates and campaigning against gun regulation in other countries. In a series of infomercials the NRA has accused the United Nations of “cleansing the globe of gun rights,” with Charlton Heston stating, “If you follow politics at all, you know a lot of people in Washington DC want to take away your right to keep and bear arms. The truth is they have the whole world on their side, because the systematic disarming of a free people is happening across the globe today. From around the world, the message is clear--your guns are next. Only one thing stands in their way, the Second Amendment and the NRA.”

Unregulated small arms are a serious problem. The illicit trafficking of guns fuels conflict, destabilizes entire regions, threatens U.S. peacekeepers abroad, squanders U.S. money needed for aid and development, and encourages extremists. Some governments are trying to do something about it but their efforts are stymied by arms sellers and anti-U.N. conspiracy theorists.

Million Mom March

Mother’s Day 2000 will be observed profoundly by thousands of mothers, grandmothers, mothers-to-be, dads, sisters, brothers and other concerned citizens, who will be participating in the “Million Mom March” across America and calling on Congress to pass tough gun control laws to help keep guns out of the hands of children and criminals.

On Sunday, May 14 participants will demand common-sense gun policies in marches across America. There are supporters from our community who are planning to attend. To find out more check out: MMM website

continued on page two

See box on page 6 for local MMM participation!

GARDEN PARTY RECEPTION

CAGV is hosting an elegant Garden Party Reception, Sunday, May 7th, 3:00 to 5:00 p.m. at 627 Lilac Drive in Montecito. The reception is planned to build awareness about the “Million Mom March” and to raise funds for a large *News-Press* ad which will run on Mother’s Day expressing support for the march and the sending of supporters to the MMM in Washington DC. Congresswoman Lois Capps and Assemblymember Hannah-Beth Jackson are scheduled to attend. Afternoon tea and delectables will be served accompanied by live music.

Tickets are \$25.00. **Invitations are in the mail.** Please join us; your participation will enable us to carry out activities planned in connection with this most crucial day for all American families.



Million Mom March

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www.millionmommarch.com or
(bellcampaign.org) or dial toll-free 1-888-989-6667.

An automated answering machine will ask you to leave your contact information and a volunteer mother will return your call, or you may call Janet Barron who is coordinating for our community. She can be reached at: Tel. 687-5761; E-mail. janetlbn@earthlink.net.

The MMM was conceived by Donna Dees-Thomases, a part-time publicist and mother of two pre-school children, after Buford Furrow blasted his way into the North Valley Jewish Community Center Preschool on August 10, 1999. She launched the campaign by Labor Day in New York City, using the slogan, "We're Looking for a Few Good Moms." Within weeks the MMM website had attracted thousands of hits from mothers saying they would march on Mother's Day 2000 to demand sensible gun laws.

Ms. Dees-Thomases teamed up with The Bell Campaign, a newly-formed national grassroots non-profit organization whose mission is to prevent gun death and injury and to support the victims of gun trauma. Co-founder Mary Leigh Blek, who lost a son to gun violence, was previously the Chair of Orange County Citizens Against Gun Violence. The Bell Campaign's local chapters in 32 communities and 15 states will lend help by staging simultaneous events in their localities and encouraging supporters to send delegates to Washington DC, where a major event for between 50,000 and 100,000 participants is being planned. Handgun Control is a primary supporter of the MMM as are many other gun-control groups across our nation.

CAGV is placing a large ad in the *Santa Barbara News Press* on Mother's Day urging readers to take action in support of the legislative goals of the march:

- *Require manufacturers to child-proof guns*
- *Close the gun show loophole with sensible periods for background checks*
- *License and register all handguns*
- *Limit purchases to one-handgun-per-month*
- *Assure no-nonsense enforcement of gun laws*

We are encouraging our readers and supporters to contact our elected representatives in Congress, Senators Barbara Boxer and Dianne Feinstein and Congresswoman Lois Capps. They are all supporters of the MMM but need to be assured that they have broad support from their constituents. Thank them for their past support of sensible gun legislation, and ask them to work to have Congress enact the legislative goals of the MMM.

We are also encouraging our supporters to contact Hannah-Beth Jackson to thank her for introducing Assembly Resolution No. 53, together with two colleagues. AR53 calls on Congress and the President to support the goals of the MMM. Your communications will help to secure passage of the Resolution.

CONTACT YOUR ELECTED REPRESENTATIVES:

Senator Barbara Boxer: 112 Hart Senate Office Bldg., Washington, DC 20510, Fax: (202) 225-5632 • **Senator Dianne Feinstein:** 331 Hart Senate Office Bldg., Washington, DC 20510, Fax: (202) 228-3954
Congresswoman Lois Capps: 1118 Longworth House Office Bldg., Washington, DC 20515, Fax: (202) 225-5632 • **Assemblymember Hannah-Beth Jackson:** State Capitol, Room 4098, Sacramento, CA 95814, Tel: (805) 564-1651 or Fax: 916) 319-2135

TOUGH GUN MEASURES MADE LAW IN TWO STATES

Maryland will be the first state in the nation to require that all new handguns be sold with built-in locks that open with a combination or with a key. The law has passed both houses of the legislature and the governor is eager to sign it. The law would take effect in 2003. Until then, Maryland would join four other states, including California, in mandating that new pistols and revolvers be sold with separate trigger locks. The proposal goes further requiring gun manufacturers or dealers to provide shell casings from new handguns to the state police to help identify the weapons if they should later be used in a crime. And most persons seeking to buy a handgun would have to undergo two hours of safety training. The proposal would add a mandatory sentence of five years for the illegal possession of a firearm by someone convicted of a violent crime or drug offense. It would also prohibit someone convicted of a violent crime as a juvenile from possessing a handgun until turning 30 years old. This has been a victory for two-term Gov. Parris Glendening, who has made the gun-lock measure the centerpiece of his legislative agenda. Some Maryland legislators have concluded that gun rights groups have failed to keep pace with a public grown weary of gun violence.

Massachusetts put the nation's strictest gun regulations into effect on this month, using consumer-protection rules to ban cheap Saturday night specials and requiring childproof locks on any gun sold in the state. The lock must be an attached key-operated lock or a combination lock built into the gun that blocks the barrel. The state will contact gun manufacturers and sellers within 15 days to inform them of the regulations, which also require safety warnings with each gun, tamper-resistant serial numbers and indicators on semiautomatic handguns that tell if a bullet is in the chamber. All this came about in an unprecedented legal maneuver when the Attorney General (in 1997) wrote rules that bypassed the Legislature and relied instead on the Attorney General's broad powers to regulate consumer products. Thirty-four other states have passed legislation that would allow them to regulate handguns as they would other consumer products, but Massachusetts is the first to actually impose such regulations. This law merely applies consumer protection standards to guns, just as the state already does with toys, automobiles and other products. The new regulations go further than changes announced in March by gunmaker Smith & Wesson.



2.6 Million Children Have Easy Access to Guns in Their Homes

A new study which underscores the need to make more adults aware that firearms are accessible to many children, found that one-third of U.S. homes with children have at least one firearm and nearly half of them keep the weapons unsecured, according to UCLA pediatrician, Dr. Mark A Schuster, lead author of the study.

Further, “a total of about 13% of (U.S.) homes — about 1.4 million homes with about 2.6 million children — had firearms stored in a manner most accessible to children.” Just 39% of homes with firearms had them locked, unloaded and stored separately from ammunition. Researchers at Rand and UCLA released a study in the April issue of the American Journal of Public Health. The study used information from interviews administered by the National Center for Health Statistics that included a total of 64,809 households.

KIDS AND GUNS: WHAT PARENTS CAN DO*

Talk to your children about guns and violence. Explain that weapons are not toys and that kids should never play with them. Tell your kids that if they see an unlocked gun in a friend’s house, they should stay away from it and inform you about it immediately. (*20/20 video “A World Full of Guns” warns that this does not work with children) If you have a gun in your home, unload it and lock it away; store the bullets in a separate place, also under lock and key. Hide the keys. *CAGV will show this video to your organization. Please call 564-6803 and request information.

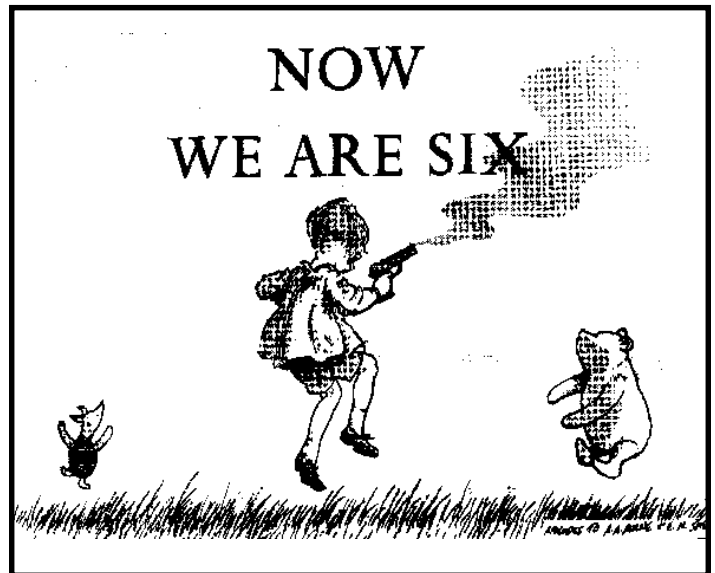
Get to know the parents of your children’s friends. The more you know the easier it is to spot potential dangers away from home. Ask other parents (and family members) if they have a gun, and if they do, ask whether it’s locked up. This is a difficult conversation, but it’s important because nearly half of all accidental shootings of kids under 16 take place in the homes of friends and family members. As your children get older, make sure you always know where they are and who their friends are. Studies show that unsupervised children have the most behavior problems and are most likely to resolve conflicts with violence.

Monitor what your kids watch on TV, movies and computer games. Scenes of explicit violence should be off limits for school-age children. Young kids aren’t able to distinguish between what looks like reality on screen and real life.

*March 2000 Newsweek

GUNS LOADED AND UNLOCKED IN SANTA BARABARA COUNTY

The Santa Barbara County of Public Health Survey released on April 4, 2000 revealed that 25% of Santa Barbara County adults report they have a firearm kept around the home and of those 10% report that it is loaded and unlocked. This compares to 35% of U.S. homes (with children) that have firearms with 9% in which firearms are loaded and unlocked. “This is likely to be an underestimate” the report states. Public health entities are focused on prevention strategies which will reduce or eliminate death by reducing the proportion of homes with firearms that are loaded and unlocked. CAGV advise parents to ask other parents and family members whether their homes contain guns that are loaded and unlocked before allowing their children to play in that home.



GUNS IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS

The 6-year-old child who brought a gun to school and killed a fellow classmate is not the first elementary school child to bring a gun to school. In the 1996-97 school year 443 elementary school students were expelled for bringing firearms to school, according to the US Department of Education. In 1997-98 there were 341 grade-school expulsions. The questions that come to mind: the WHY a small child would bring a gun into the classroom, the HOW and WHERE a gun was so accessible and WHAT can be done by parents, teachers and society.



Smith & Wesson Scores A Bullseye

Smith & Wesson, the nation's largest maker of handguns, broke ranks with the gun industry to make peace with courthouse adversaries. Company CEO Shultz, a longtime industry maverick, had two incentives: Tomkins PLC, corporate owner, is trying to sell the beleaguered subsidiary, and eliminating potentially huge court judgments makes them a more attractive company. Also, Smith & Wesson is lobbying in Washington for some of the \$10 million in research money for smart gun technology that President Clinton has asked Congress to approve.

Costly lawsuits and potential liability in the millions of dollars spurred Smith & Wesson to agree to about 80 reforms and once-unthinkable safety and marketing restrictions aimed at keeping firearms out of the hands of children and criminals. *Some of those reforms:*

- Trigger locks on handguns, internal locks within 2 years
- Grips and triggers too big and powerful for young children to fire
- A "hidden" second serial number to deter thefts
- Using 2% of gross sales to develop "smart" technology that allows only the authorized user to fire the gun
- Factory sales limited to dealers who sign codes of conduct
- A safety warning on the package
- Background checks on buyers for all sales at gun shows
- Multiple sales will still be allowed, but in states without "one gun a month laws" the customer will have to wait 14 days to receive more than one gun, giving time for further investigation.

Compliance with the safety restrictions will be monitored by a five-member commission: two city or county representatives, one from state government, one from the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms and one from the gun industry. The restrictions will begin taking effect in May 2000.

Smith & Wesson's dramatic break with the powerful gun lobby is expected to prompt other gun makers to agree to settlements rather than risk costly court verdicts. Housing and Urban Development Secretary Andrew Cuomo and his department helped coordinate the talks with Smith & Wesson. After several days about half of the 30 plaintiffs in the lawsuits had agreed to sign onto the agreement, including the cities of Los Angeles, San Francisco, Sacramento, Inglewood and Berkeley. The agreement does not award any financial damages to the plaintiffs. Administration officials, led by Cuomo, pledged to persuade the remaining municipalities to sign.

But 15 other cities and counties that had filed similar suits have not signed onto the agreement. While several were expected to join, several more—including Chicago—were expected to pursue their suits against Smith & Wesson and other manufacturers because the agreement did not include monetary damages to compensate cities for the law-enforcement and



healthcare costs associated with gun violence. "These companies are in the business of making money," said Jennifer Hoyle, a spokeswoman for the Chicago city attorney's office, whose suit seeks \$433 million in damages from the gun industry. "Asking for serious financial damages sends a serious message to them."

Mayors and city attorneys thanked the Clinton administration for their support and many suggested that they now would favor Smith & Wesson when buying guns for their police forces. Gun control advocates want to also pursue other strategies—including a government boycott of manufacturers that do not agree to similar restrictions on their weapons. The government wants to "explore its options" for purchasing guns with a view to rewarding manufacturers who have acted responsibly.

Other Manufacturers Face Two Choices

They can agree to concessions on firearm safety and sales practices, or keep paying lawyers to fight the Clinton administration, two states and 30 municipalities. Robert Delfay, president of the industry's trade association, the National Shooting and Sports Foundation, says, "We are confident that no other major manufacturer will desert this coordinated effort in favor of their own individual deal."

The U.S. unit of Austria's Glock, another large gun manufacturer, took part in the covert talks along with Smith & Wesson. Glock is under pressure because federal and municipal officials may try to organize government boycotts of gun suppliers who do not abide by the restrictions established by Smith & Wesson and Glock has built its reputation as a leading supplier of police firearms. The company has contracts authorizing it to supply firearms to about 60% of the nation's 15,000 law-enforcement agencies, plus military weaponry. Subsequently two gun makers—Glock Inc. and Browning—announced they would not sign voluntary gun-safety agreements similar to the one agreed to by Smith & Wesson. Sturm, Ruger & Co., and the U.S. unit of



Italy's Beretta, has indicated that they don't intend to compromise at all. Most top U.S. handgun manufacturers are foreign-owned and though they share a common resentment of gun control policies, it is a fractious fraternity of relatively small companies.

Some gun-control advocates raised sharp questions about the significance of the pact noting that Smith & Wesson is already shipping trigger locks with its handguns, and is developing smart-gun technology and further, that the agreement would be next to impossible to enforce. Another loophole in the agreement might allow the company to go around the smart-gun technology by marketing its handguns as collector's items.

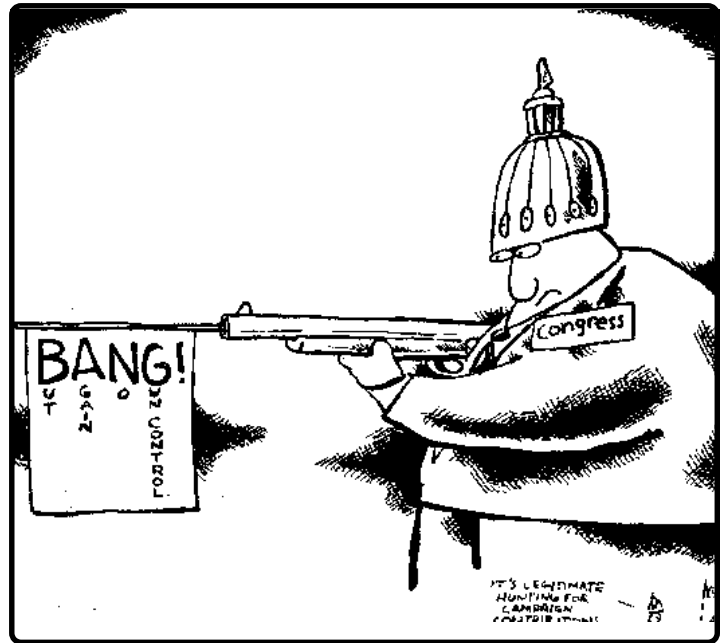
**See editorial comment below.*

COLUMNIST ASKS IF THE NRA WOULD PROTEST A BAN ON TOY GUNS

Susan Swartz, a columnist for *The Press Democrat* in Santa Rosa, CA is not confident anymore that adults can fix the problem of children and guns. She says we're a gun-happy society that is beyond learning and since we obviously can't separate adults from their guns, we'll have to try re-educating our kids. She suggests that we ban toy guns and take a stand against all forms of gunplay. Let's say that violence is messing up our kids and make all guns, make-believe and otherwise, unattractive to kids, she says.

She suggests that some kids would object to giving up their plastic pistols but they'd get over it because kids are more flexible than adults. "Think about this," Susan challenges, "We allow kids to play with toy guns, but expect them to not go near the real thing. But, still they do. They don't grab our car keys from the table and take the mini-van out for a joy ride, but they itch to grab a gun. They're mimicking the adult world's own fascination."

Susan visited a toy-gun booth at a gun show with very bright believable toy-guns. They were for shooting pretend human beings without having to reload for a long time. The salesman told Susan that kids love them because they look so authentic. Why tantalize kids with a toy that looks like it could wipe out the neighborhood?



YOU ARE INVITED!!

**THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF
UNIVERSITY WOMEN OF SANTA BARBARA
LUNCHEON**

**featuring
Assemblymember Hannah-Beth Jackson**

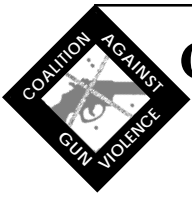
**"Legislating the Way to Non-Violence and Gender
Equity: What is Sacramento doing about it?"**

**Saturday, May 20 12:00-2:00 p.m.
Holiday Inn 5650 Calle Real, Goleta**

Call 687-5069 for reservations and please send your
\$20 check made payable to AAUW to:
Bev Roberts, 850 Cocopah Dr., Santa Barbara 93110

*Co-sponsored by Coalition Against Gun Violence
(and others)*

***Editorial comment:** As part of the agreement, cities and counties that signed on will drop their lawsuits and no new suits will be filed seeking to hold Smith & Wesson (and other gun makers who sign on) responsible for shootings committed with their guns. Without making any radical changes, Smith & Wesson has found a means of greatly reducing their legal liability and at the same time, assuring themselves of a 20 to 30 percent law enforcement market share. The gun-buying public may now be encouraged to purchase the "safer gun" manufactured by a gun maker now viewed as "more responsible." This could well be viewed as excellent marketing strategy by a company that was potentially in deep financial trouble.



GUN CONTROL AS A POLITICAL ISSUE

Gun control may prove to be one of the biggest issues in the November elections. The huge gun lobby has shifted from emphasizing individual congressional candidates to working to elect Republicans nationwide. In 1998 the NRA ranked 32nd in giving to Republican committees, so far this year it ranks fourth. The NRA's increased donations to the GOP reflect how worried the group's members are about the growing momentum for gun control, particularly among Democrats, although the NRA counts about 40 Democrats in Congress among its loyalists. As support for gun control has grown so has the NRA membership. It has increased by 500,000 members to reach 3.4 million and donations are flowing in at record levels. Last year the NRA raised \$25 million, up about \$5 million over its annual average. Republican women are expected to be a pivotal constituency and their support for gun control has increased 24% since 1993. Seventy-two percent of GOP women now say they favor gun control-compared with 37% of GOP men -- a proportion equal to that of gun control supporters among Democratic men, and a level almost as high as the 78% of Democratic women. According to the Pew Research Center for the People and the Press, an independent polling firm, two-thirds of Americans think controlling access to guns is more important than the right to have them.

REFORM JEWS ADVISED BY LEADERS TO BACK GUN CONTROL

Leaders of Reform Judaism's synagogue organization, The Union of American Hebrew Congregations, voted overwhelmingly in December 1999 to adopt a resolution calling on social action committees in Reform synagogues to request that Congress pass effective gun control laws in 2000. President Rabbi Eric Yoffie said that Reform Jews should regard gun control as "a solemn religious obligation" to counter what he called society's idolatry of guns, the only appropriate response to which is "sustained moral outrage."

**You Can Join the Million Mom March
in Los Angeles, Sunday, May 14th • 10-12
West L. A. Federal Building
Wilshire @ Veteran Ave
Program and 9/10 of a Mile March**

**If you are interested in participating call
564-6803 by May 10th**

CLINTON PROPOSES STATE LICENSES FOR HANDGUN PURCHASES

President Clinton has taken the strongest stand on guns of any president yet. He proposes that every purchaser must first have a valid state-issued photo license, showing the buyer has passed a Brady background check and a gun-safety requirement. State participation would be optional; however, for states choosing not to participate, federally-approved gun dealers or a federal entity would be authorized to issue licenses. This proposal could keep criminals and other prohibited persons from buying handguns because they could use the licensing information and other available records to cross-check and identify holders who, since obtaining a license, have become prohibited from possessing firearms. These individuals would then lose their licenses and their firearms. The president is also calling for development of "smart guns" and for stricter enforcement of laws already on the books. These are the mild basic protections that Wayne LaPierre of the NRA says are "an attempt to reduce individual freedom."

It's Not the 2nd Amendment, It's the Profit Margin

For a complete picture of the business of making guns for U.S. and world markets, a "must" read is:

"Making a Killing"

by former NRA-member Tom Diaz.

(NOW AVAILABLE IN PAPERBACK.)

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Registration and Licensing of Guns: The Next Gun-Control Goal (part 2)

An International Perspective

An international expert in the registration of firearms, Philip Alpers, of New Zealand, made these comments to the California State Assembly Select Committee on Gun Policy in Glendale on December 1, 1999, comparing the U.S. and other countries, which license and register firearms.

Around the world, handgun registration and owner-licensing are acknowledged as the most effective way to minimise handgun-related death and trauma. In almost every democracy, police see handgun registration as an essential crime-busting tool.

There's nothing new in this. For more than sixty years, registration and owner licensing have been the accepted norm in two of the most established fields of crime and injury prevention - road safety and gun safety.

In both of these, two parallel systems of accountability - that is, licensing the owner, and then registering the gun or the automobile - are closely linked and interdependent. It's the experience of many countries that neither measure works well without the other.

You may have heard it said that Israel and Switzerland exemplify armed, but safe societies. In both countries, registration of firearms and owner licensing are long-established public safety measures.

Among the wealthier nations, the United States suffers the highest rate of firearm-related death. Even taking into account the recent update from the Centers for Disease Control in Atlanta, which showed a sharp decrease in firearm-related mortality, the American rate of gun death per head of population remains double that of Northern Ireland.

So, how did our nations become so different?

Sixty to seventy years ago, our nations took very different paths. In the 1930s, the United States decided to register all machine guns and license their owners. As a result of that stringent registration, machine guns are now the firearms least used in violence. But at the same time, the 54 members of the British Commonwealth, the nations of Europe and many others went a significant step further. We registered not just machine guns, but also handguns.

In developed democracies outside the United States, six or seven decades of consistent firearm registration and owner licensing - in particular the registration of handguns

- are recognised as the cornerstone of effective gun injury prevention.

Nobody's pretending that we foreigners are any less violent than Americans. We're not. The big difference is in our levels of lethal violence. The eminent Californian criminologist Franklin Zimring put it this way:

"You're just as likely to get punched in the mouth in a bar in Sydney (Australia) as in a bar in Los Angeles. But you're 20 times as likely to be killed in Los Angeles." Zimring goes on to suggest that the free availability of firearms - especially handguns in the United States - could have something to do with this disparity. It may also be worth noting that in the industrialized nations with lower levels of gun death than yours, the population is exposed to similar levels of media violence. So we might ask the question: if it's true that media violence makes guns desirable, how do all these countries differ in making guns available?

Many countries have shown that a register of firearms acts to reduce the flow of guns from lawful owner to criminal. In Australia, the United Kingdom, Canada and New Zealand, the computerised firearm registry is consulted thousands of times each day as a crime-busting tool. Our senior law enforcement officers agree; the more guns we have on the register, the more crimes police can solve and the more trauma we can prevent.

To quote the President of the Canadian Association of Chiefs of Police:

"Without information about who owns guns, there is no effective gun control. Opponents of gun control argue that the registration of firearms will not reduce crime. In fact, it is the position of the Canadian Association of Chiefs of Police that cost-effective registration is a key component of the new proposed gun control legislation. Registration will help ensure that gun owners are held accountable for their firearms and do not sell [them] illegally or give them to individuals without appropriate authorisation. It will also help ensure that guns are safely stored. Claiming that gun registration will not prevent crime is akin to claiming that registering cars does not prevent accidents." Every mass-produced gun which is used in violence began its life as a legal firearm in the hands of a lawful owner. Many of these guns "leak out" to criminals, either by unlawful sale, by theft or neglect. By introducing accountability all the way down the chain, a well-designed gun registry can greatly reduce this lethal leakage from lawful gun owner to criminal.



Everyone should see “A World Full of Guns.”

This 20/20 video endorsed by Bill Cirone, Santa Barbara County Superintendent of Education, is presented in an approximately 45-minute program by CAGV’s community outreach. The program has had a profound affect on all the groups who have seen it. How can we keep our children safe in “A World Full of Guns?” Call for a presentation for your organization, school, or religious group. Call 564-6803 and request information.

CAGV welcomes new coalition members:

Congregation B’nai B’rith • Families Against Violence Advocacy Network
Latinos for Better Government • Live Oak Unitarian Universalist Congregation, Social Concerns Committee

PARTNER ORGANIZATIONS • A GROWING COALITION

American Association of University Women, Goleta Valley • American Association of University Women, Santa Barbara
CALM (Child Abuse Listening Mediation) • Casa de la Raza • Community Mediation Program • Conflict Management Institute
Congregation B’nai B’rith • Congregation B’nai B’rith Temple Sisterhood • Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse
Counseling Center for Children, Adolescents & Their Families • Democratic League • Democratic Women
Families Against Violence Advocacy Network • The Family Service Agency • Green Party • Hadassah, S.B. Chapter
Junior League of Santa Barbara • Latinos for Better Government • League of Women Voters • Live Oak Unitarian Universalist Congregation, Social Concerns Committee • NAACP, Santa Barbara Chapter • One Stop Immigration & Educational Center
Peace Education Project • Physicians for Social Responsibility • Santa Barbara Area Council of PTAs • Santa Barbara Friends (Quakers)
Santa Barbara Jewish Community Relations Council • Santa Barbara Pro Youth Coalition • Santa Barbara Rape Crisis Center
Santa Barbara Neighborhood Clinics • Santa Barbara Women’s Political Committee • Shelter Services for Women
United Methodist Women of the First United Methodist Church of Santa Barbara • Us Foundation • Zona Seca

COALITION AGAINST GUN VIOLENCE
A Project of the Nuclear Age Peace Foundation

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(formerly Santa Barbara Women Against Gun Violence)

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When you have read this newsletter, please RECYCLE by passing it on to a friend, a neighbor or a relative. Spread the word.